DINOSAURS AND THE FLOOD

By Marc W. Gibson

An article on the internet, "Finding a Dinosaur's Soft Spots," tells of how paleontologists were stunned a couple of years ago to find the preserved soft tissue of a dinosaur. Today, paleontologists are still stunned, "not only to find material that looks like dinosaur cartilage, blood vessels, blood cells and bone cells, but to see the stuff in so many different specimens."

(http://cosrniclog.msnbc.msn.com/archive/2007/07/241288786.aspx). A critical detail to consider is that an immediate burial at the time of death is required to quick-preserve dinosaur soft tissue. One scientist said that this immediate burial would have been the result of "torrential rains, which sent waves of mud and wet sand to cover up dead and dying dinosaurs."

Excuse me, but that sounds like a description of a catastrophic rainfall and flood that would have been large enough to quickly bury large dinosaurs and preserve their fossils and soft tissue. And the fact that the soft tissue still exists would also tell us that this catastrophic flood did not happen 65 million years ago, but quite recently, even a few thousand years ago. Most scientists wouldn't say this, but I will—Noah's flood fits this scenario perfectly.

Dr. Carl Weiland wrote the following concerning the discovery of dinosaur soft tissue: "I invite the reader to step back and contemplate the obvious. This discovery gives immensely powerful support to the proposition that dinosaur fossils are not millions of years old at all, but were mostly fossilized under catastrophic conditions a few thousand years ago at most.

(http:www.amsweringenesis.org/docs2005/0325Dino-tissue.asp). Once again, the fossil record confirms the reliability of Biblical history and contradicts evolutionary myths. Sadly, the major problem is that many just don't want to accept the Biblical truth concerning creation—instead, they prefer to believe the myths! ***